

■ Uebung 3.5: Gleichungen der Verzerrungen ϵ und Spannungen σ und das Materialgesetz - 3D

```

e = {
  {e1},
  {e2},
  {e3},
  {γ12},
  {γ23},
  {γ31}
}

```

```
{{e1}, {e2}, {e3}, {γ12}, {γ23}, {γ31}}
```

```

σ = {
  {σ11},
  {σ22},
  {σ33},
  {τ12},
  {τ23},
  {τ31}
}

```

```
{{σ11}, {σ22}, {σ33}, {τ12}, {τ23}, {τ31}}
```

```

LOperator = {
  {diff1, 0, 0},
  {0, diff2, 0},
  {0, 0, diff3},
  {diff2, diff1, 0},
  {0, diff3, diff2},
  {diff3, 0, diff1}
}; MatrixForm[LOperator]

```

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{diff1} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \text{diff2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \text{diff3} \\ \text{diff2} & \text{diff1} & 0 \\ 0 & \text{diff3} & \text{diff2} \\ \text{diff3} & 0 & \text{diff1} \end{pmatrix}$$

```

HMat = E0 / (1 + μ) / (1 - 2 μ) *
{
  {1 - μ, μ, μ, 0, 0, 0},
  {μ, 1 - μ, μ, 0, 0, 0},
  {μ, μ, 1 - μ, 0, 0, 0},
  {0, 0, 0, (1 - 2 μ) / 2, 0, 0},
  {0, 0, 0, (1 - 2 μ) / 2, 0, 0},
  {0, 0, 0, 0, 0, (1 - 2 μ) / 2}
}; HMat // MatrixForm

```

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{E0(1-\mu)}{(1-2\mu)(1+\mu)} & \frac{E0\mu}{(1-2\mu)(1+\mu)} & \frac{E0\mu}{(1-2\mu)(1+\mu)} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{E0\mu}{(1-2\mu)(1+\mu)} & \frac{E0(1-\mu)}{(1-2\mu)(1+\mu)} & \frac{E0\mu}{(1-2\mu)(1+\mu)} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{E0\mu}{(1-2\mu)(1+\mu)} & \frac{E0\mu}{(1-2\mu)(1+\mu)} & \frac{E0(1-\mu)}{(1-2\mu)(1+\mu)} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{E0}{2(1+\mu)} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{E0}{2(1+\mu)} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{E0}{2(1+\mu)} \end{pmatrix}$$

```

uVekt = {
  {u1},
  {u2},
  {u3}
}

```

```
{{u1}, {u2}, {u3}}
```

```
GScher = E0 / 2 / (1 + μ)
```

$$\frac{E0}{2(1+\mu)}$$

```
HMatBalken = DiagonalMatrix[{E0, E0, E0, G0, G0, G0}];
```

```
HMatBalken // MatrixForm
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} E0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & E0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & E0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & G0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & G0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & G0 \end{pmatrix}$$

■ Die Elemente der Verzerrungsmatrix und Spannungsmatrix aus L und H

```
eMat = LOperator.uVekt; eMat // MatrixForm
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{diff1 u1} \\ \text{diff2 u2} \\ \text{diff3 u3} \\ \text{diff2 u1} + \text{diff1 u2} \\ \text{diff3 u2} + \text{diff2 u3} \\ \text{diff3 u1} + \text{diff1 u3} \end{pmatrix}$$

```
oMat = HMat.e; oMat // MatrixForm
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{E0 \epsilon_1 (1-\mu)}{(1-2\mu)(1+\mu)} + \frac{E0 \epsilon_2 \mu}{(1-2\mu)(1+\mu)} + \frac{E0 \epsilon_3 \mu}{(1-2\mu)(1+\mu)} \\ \frac{E0 \epsilon_2 (1-\mu)}{(1-2\mu)(1+\mu)} + \frac{E0 \epsilon_1 \mu}{(1-2\mu)(1+\mu)} + \frac{E0 \epsilon_3 \mu}{(1-2\mu)(1+\mu)} \\ \frac{E0 \epsilon_3 (1-\mu)}{(1-2\mu)(1+\mu)} + \frac{E0 \epsilon_1 \mu}{(1-2\mu)(1+\mu)} + \frac{E0 \epsilon_2 \mu}{(1-2\mu)(1+\mu)} \\ \frac{E0 \gamma_{12}}{2(1+\mu)} \\ \frac{E0 \gamma_{23}}{2(1+\mu)} \\ \frac{E0 \gamma_{31}}{2(1+\mu)} \end{pmatrix}$$

```
oMat /. \mu -> 0
```

$$\{\{E0 \epsilon_1\}, \{E0 \epsilon_2\}, \{E0 \epsilon_3\}, \{\frac{E0 \gamma_{12}}{2}\}, \{\frac{E0 \gamma_{23}}{2}\}, \{\frac{E0 \gamma_{31}}{2}\}\}$$

```
oMatBalken = HMatBalken.e /. {\epsilon_2 -> 0, \epsilon_3 -> 0, \gamma_{23} -> 0};
```

```
oMatBalken // MatrixForm
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} E0 \epsilon_1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ G0 \gamma_{12} \\ 0 \\ G0 \gamma_{31} \end{pmatrix}$$